#### **S&A FY03 ANNUAL REVIEW MEETING**

# Compact infrared spectrograph

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## **Project Overview**

#### Project description

 Develop small, low-power infrared monitoring components for volatile organic compounds in industrial settings.

#### Objectives

- Demonstrate achievable sensitivity for miniature spectrometers
- Evaluate measurement error sources for field operation
- Develop improved and demonstrate improved components

#### Overall goal

 Improve the effectiveness and reduce the cost of environmental compliance monitoring for industries of the future

### **Technical Merit**

- Addresses technical need(s) of the S/C community and the S/C priorities of the IOFs
  - Regulatory compliance (EPA method 21) tests are awkward, timeconsuming, and costly
  - Current point detection (valve stems, pumps) methods underreport significant VOC leaks from other sources -- pipes, heatexchangers, and lube-oil vents
  - Recent plant leak imaging/spectroscopy data (TERC, 2002) suggests that less than 1% of components surveyed produced out-of-compliance VOC leaks
  - Rapid identification (hopefully remote, hopefully unattended) of emission sources will reduce emissions while reducing cost of compliance

### **Technical Merit**

#### Contributes new information or technology to the S/C community

- Mid-IR spectroscopy: sensitive and powerful tool for gas detection
- New photonic components: better point- and stand-off detection
- Spectral data: multiple or unknown targets, cluttered background
- Image data: survey and identification of potential leak sites
- Mid-IR: plume temperature, background spectral content
- Need correlated Mid-IR image and spectral data
- Throughput (sensitivity/specificity) + alignment for field unit

### Technical Progress and Outlook

- Major progress/accomplishments to date
  - Defined baseline VOC plume monitor requirements
  - Developed model for Mid-IR spectral + temp contrast
  - Validated model/instrument package with field measurements
  - Brassboard unit: achievable alignment and throughput
  - Design definition for miniature imaging spectrograph

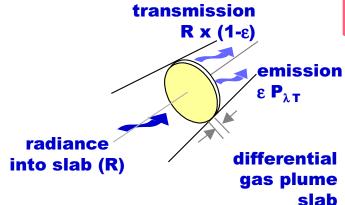
# VOC plume monitor req't definition

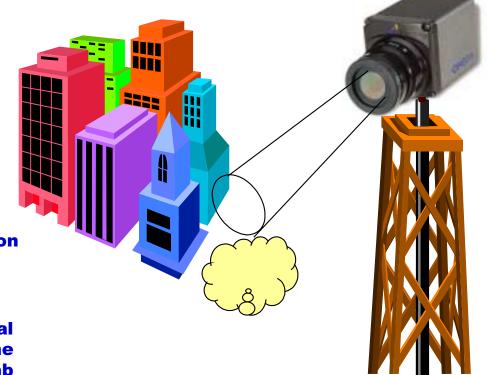


- Point sensors are awkward: can miss unexpected leak sites
- Remote (stand-off) spectra: gas presence, not precise location
- Multi-spectral imaging: alignment/throughput in compact field unit

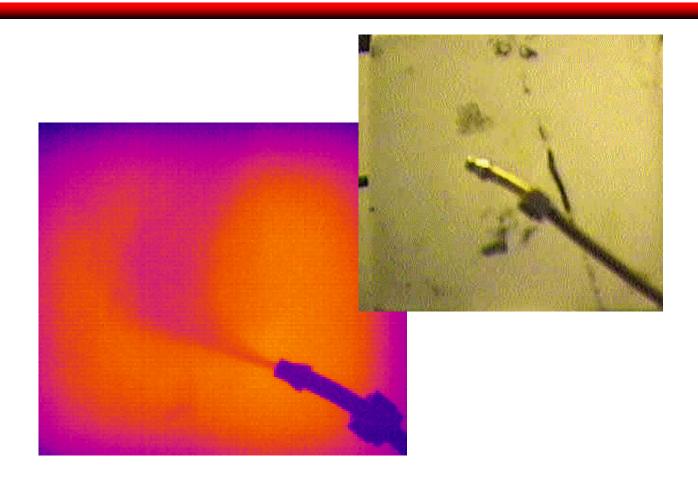
### VOC plume monitor req't definition

- Spectral filter bandwidth: trade-off sensitivity and specificity
- Higher throughput achievable through shared optics
- Signal processing helps
- Alignment Throughput Stability



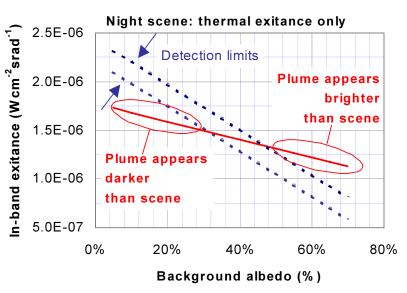


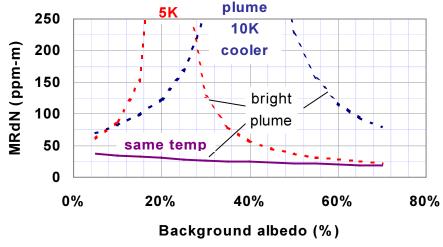
### Mid-IR plume contrast: temp and spectrum



Band-pass filtered infrared image shows gas plume against flat, warm background

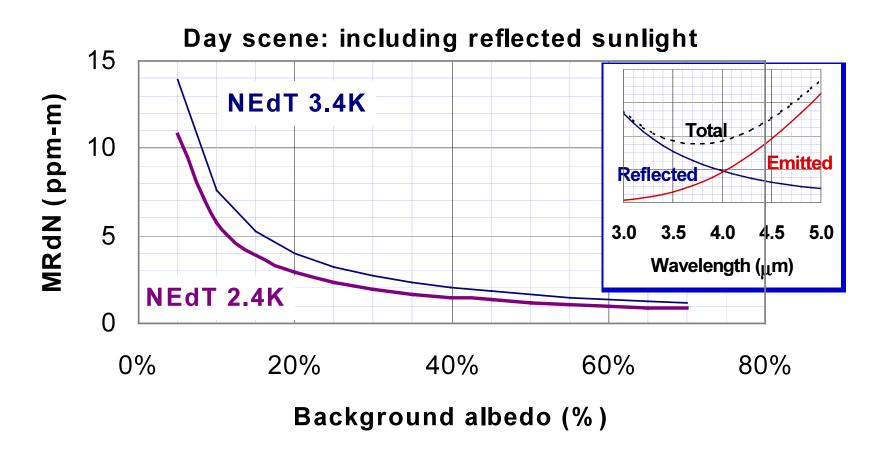
### Mid-IR plume contrast: temp and spectrum





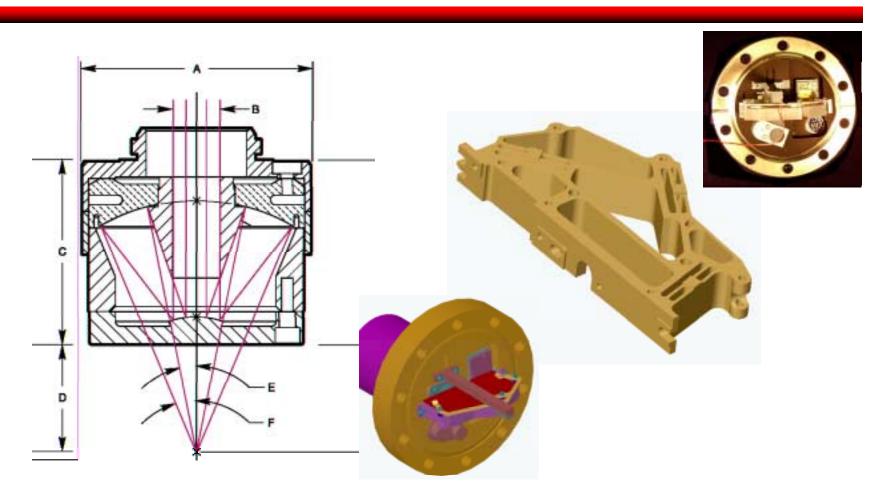
Thermal emission: gas plume can be brighter or darker than background (or invisible) depending on background spectral content and temperature

### Mid-IR plume contrast: temp and spectrum



At 3.3 um wavelength, reflected sunlight dominates: reduces background clutter

#### Brassboard unit: achievable alignment + throughput



Waveguide micro-spectrograph integrated with IR microscope objective

#### Field test: alignment/package and throughput model





Brassboard unit measures CO<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>2</sub> evolution from active lava eruption

# Technical Progress and Outlook

#### **Future Technical Milestones/Goals**

Integration of the MicroSpec with the I camera. The analyzer will mounted ab the camera lens and aligned to target the camera lens are camera.

center of the camera's field-of-view.

## Technical Progress and Outlook

#### Expected progress toward milestones/goals

- Phase II project proposal submitted
- FY03 -- complete detailed design, signal processing
- FY04 -- sub-assembly tests and validation
- FY05 -- integrate and test imaging spectrograph

#### Possible barriers

- Thoughput with shared focal plane
- Boresight alignment tolerance over operating temp range
- Temp and mechanical stability under field conditions

# Summary

- Initial study project showed IOF interest in spectral imaging
- Current regulatory compliance monitoring is awkward
- Leaks/spills from < 1% of sites monitored responsible for bulk of environmental, process and energy cost
- Need spectral imaging to readily identify and locate leak sites
- Trace VOC detection modeled over cluttered backgrounds
- Model validated with brassboard spectrometer test data
- Alignment and throughput are critical
- Next phase will develop imaging spectrograph VOC leak monitor